Donnerstag, 28. Oktober 2010

$$\sum_{i} P(x_i|x_i) = A$$

Hier speziell:

×,*;	A	B	<u>_</u>	7	Ë
B	1/2	1/2	0	O	0
ß	0	0	0	0	1
3_ A B [P4,ki]= (O	1/2	1/2	O	Ō	0
0	0	0	1	O	0
E	0	0	0	1	0

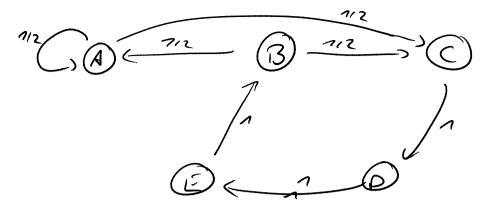
2. Spellen sunne

3. Zeilensumme

4. Spallensumme

6 Fellesvenne

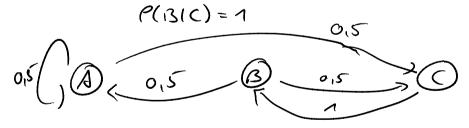
b) Cesucht: Eustandsdiagrann



c) Cesucht: Entscheidungsgehalt H(x)
bedingte Entropie H(x(R)|x(k-1))

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}$$

d) Roucht: fustavels diagram für



e) Gesult: P(A), P(B), P(C)
H(+), H(*(L) (K-A))

$$\frac{Es gill!}{A 7/2 7/2 0} = \frac{A B C}{A 7/2 7/2 0}$$

$$\frac{B}{C} = \frac{A}{1/2} \frac{7/2}{1/2} \frac{7/2}{0}$$

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} S_{i}(x_{i})}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} S_{i}(x_{i})} = \frac{A}{A} \frac{B}{1/2} \frac{B}{1/2}$$

=> wit
$$P(x_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(x_i | x_i) \cdot P(x_i)$$
:

$$P(A) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(A) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(B) = P(B)$$

$$P(B) = 1 P(C)$$

$$P(C) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(A) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(B)$$

=>
$$P(A) + P(B) + P(C) = 1$$

 $P(A) = P(B) = P(C) = \frac{1}{3}$

$$H\left(x(|L|)x(|L-1|) = -\left(L\cdot\frac{1}{2}\cdot\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{ld}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)+1\cdot\frac{1}{3}\cdot1\operatorname{ld}(1)\right)$$

$$=\frac{2}{3}\frac{k_{1}k_{2}}{s_{1}m_{2}}$$

f) Cesult: Transinformation

Ceyeben:
$$P(t=(|x=A)=0.25)$$

 $P(t=(|x=B)=0.25)$
(Rest "wirel horrely employen

Kanal

$$P(z=A) = P(x=A) \cdot P(z=A) = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(z=B) = P(z=B) \cdot P(z=B) = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(z=C) = A - P(z=A) - P(z=B) = A - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{3}$$

=)
$$H(z) = -(z \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \log \frac{1}{4} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \log(\frac{1}{2})) = \frac{3}{2} \frac{bit}{Symbol}$$

7;\K;	A	B	
A	3/4	0	0
(P(t; x;)) = 0	0	3/4	0
C	1/4	114	1

=)
$$H(21X) = -(2 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4} ld(\frac{3}{4}) + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} ld(\frac{1}{4})$$

+ $\frac{2}{3} \cdot 1 ld(1) = 0.54 \frac{bit}{Symbol}$

1.2.3

a) Cegebeur:
$$3=5Mhz$$
 $\frac{5}{N}=30dS=10^{\frac{30}{10}}$
Cesult: Kanalkapazität C
 $C=3$ ld $(1+\frac{5}{N})$
 $=5Mhz$ ld $(1+NO^3)=49.84 $\frac{Mb_1z}{5}$$

b) Cesvelt: Autahl Na parallelir anellen" Entropie der Bildquelle: H(x) = -10. 10 ld 10 = Rd10=3,32 bit

übertrajonsrale der Bildellemente:

 $\tilde{R} = 370$ Bildelemente. 576 Zeilen 25 Bilder

= 10.368,000 Bildelemente

Informations Pluss der anelle

 $R = \frac{14(x)}{0+} = R 11(x) = 10368000 \frac{Bildelem.}{5} \cdot 3,32 \frac{bit}{5} = 34,42 \frac{\text{Nbit}}{5}$

Kapezitélsbellingung:

NA: R & C

=> NA & E = 49.84 \frac{105.6}{5} = 7.44

=) Na=1